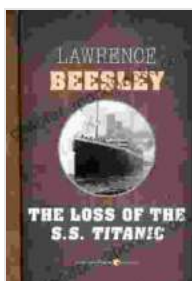


The Loss of the Titanic: A Tragedy that Shocked the World

On the night of April 14–15, 1912, RMS Titanic struck an iceberg in the North Atlantic Ocean, causing it to sink two hours and forty minutes later.



The Loss Of The S.S. Titanic by Lawrence Beesley

★★★★☆ 4.4 out of 5

Language	: English
File size	: 1094 KB
Text-to-Speech	: Enabled
Screen Reader	: Supported
Enhanced typesetting	: Enabled
Word Wise	: Enabled
Print length	: 121 pages
X-Ray	: Enabled



There were an estimated 2,224 people aboard, and more than 1,500 died, making it one of the deadliest commercial peacetime maritime disasters in modern history.

The sinking of the Titanic was a major tragedy that shocked the world. It led to changes in maritime safety regulations, and it has been the subject of numerous books, films, and documentaries.

The Ship

RMS Titanic was the largest ship afloat at the time of its launch in 1911. It was over 882 feet long and weighed over 46,000 tons.

The ship was designed to be unsinkable, and it was equipped with 16 watertight compartments.

However, the Titanic's design had a fatal flaw. The watertight compartments were not high enough to reach the top deck of the ship.

The Disaster

On the night of April 14, 1912, the Titanic struck an iceberg at 11:40 p.m. ship's time. The iceberg tore a 300-foot gash in the ship's hull, and the watertight compartments began to flood.

The crew tried to save the ship, but it was too late. The Titanic sank at 2:20 a.m. ship's time on April 15, 1912.

More than 1,500 people died in the sinking of the Titanic. Most of the victims were passengers, but many crew members also died.

The Aftermath

The sinking of the Titanic was a major tragedy that shocked the world. It led to changes in maritime safety regulations, and it has been the subject of numerous books, films, and documentaries.

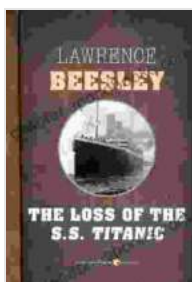
The sinking of the Titanic is a reminder of the dangers of hubris. The ship's designers and builders believed that they had created an unsinkable ship, but they were wrong.

The sinking of the Titanic also shows us the importance of being prepared for the worst. The crew of the Titanic did not have enough lifeboats to save everyone on board, and many people died unnecessarily.

We can learn from the sinking of the Titanic. We can make sure that ships are designed to be as safe as possible, and we can make sure that we are prepared for emergencies.

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The sinking of the Titanic is a reminder of the dangers of hubris and the importance of being prepared for the worst.



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